Goal: Getting Payments Right

Program or Activity

Supplemental Nutrition Assistance.

Reporting Period Q3 2019

Change from Previous FY (\$M)

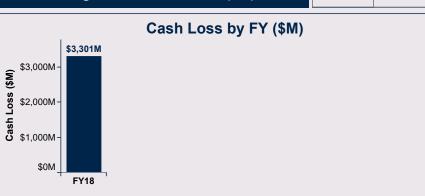
\$3,301M

USDA USDA Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program

Brief Program Description:

SNAP is the largest domestic nutrition assistance program, serving around 40.3 million persons in Fiscal Year 2018, at an annual benefit cost of \$65.3 billion. SNAP is jointly administered by FNS and the 50 States, D.C., Guam, and the Virgin Islands

Key I	Ailestones	Status	ECD
1	Finalize estimated cash loss estimation methodology	Completed	Oct-18
2	Identify estimated cash loss amount for FY 2018	Completed	Oct-18
3	Identify true root causes of cash loss	Completed	Oct-18
4	Develop mitigation strategies to get the payment right the first time	On-Track	Jun-19
5	Evaluate the ROI of the mitigation strategy	On-Track	Oct-21
6	Determine which strategies have the best ROI to prevent cash loss	On-Track	Oct-21



Quarterly Progress Goals		Status	Notes	ECD	
1	Q3 2019	Issue revisions to the FNS Handbook 315 to clarify policy and procedures for Federal reviews of State performance in order to improve quality and consistency.	Completed	FNS tracks and reports improper payments on an annual basis and as such establishes mitigation strategies and agency goals and priorities an annual basis as well. The goals stated here are our annual goals and priorities.	Aug-19
2	Q3 2019	Work closely with regional offices to quickly and adequately answer policy questions to best advise states on regulatory requirements and best practices regarding payment error measurement and mitigation.	On-Track	N/A	Sep-19
Recent Accomplishments					Date
1	FNS conducted Program Integrity reviews to ensure States were properly administering SNAP benefits				
2	FNS issued National and State Payment Error Rates for FY2018. FNS established \$26.7 million in liabilities to states that were found to have a 95% statistical probability that their payment error rates exceed 105% of the national performance measure				
3	3 FNS revised the Handbook 310 to clarify policy and procedures for State reviews of performance in order to improve quality and consistency.				

- 3 FNS revised the Handbook 310 to clarify policy and procedures for State reviews of performance in order to improve quality and consistency.

FY18 Amt(\$)	Root Cause	Root Cause Description	Mitigation Strategy	Anticipated Impact of Mitigation	
\$1,774M	Other reason	information. This lack of, or inaccurately provided, information can result in client caused errors if the missing or inaccurate	Regulations require States inform clients of what information about household income and other circumstances must be reported during the certification period to ensure they are getting the correct amount of benefits, and penalties for non-compliance.	An increase in payment accuracy and an overall reduction in payment errors.	
\$1,527M	Administrative or process errors made by: state or local agency	An improper payment occurs when a participating mousehold is certified for too much or too few benefits compared to the level for which they are eligible following SNAP regulations	Program regulations require State agencies to analyze data to develop corrective action plans to reduce or eliminate program deficiencies. A State with a high error rate must conduct an analysis of its State data to identify/correct the errors.	An increase in payment accuracy and an overall reduction in payment errors.	

Cash Loss - Cash loss to the Government includes amounts that should not have been paid and in theory should/could be recovered.